## Using Carbohydrate Ratios

Carbohydrate Ratio (CR):

- A method of calculating the amount of insulin (in units) needed to cover the carbohydrate (in grams) contained in a meal or other form of nutrition.
- The insulin needed is expressed as the ratio of units insulin to grams of carbohydrate e.g. Carbohydrate ratio 1:10 = 1 gram of insulin is administered for every 10 grams of carbohydrate eaten.
- Type of Insulin: rapid-acting analogue or regular
- Carbohydrate: subtract out dietary fiber from the total amount of carbohydrate

Carbohydrate (grams)			Insulin (units)
15	-	23	1
24	-	35	2
36	-	47	3
48	-	59	4
60	-	71	5
72	-	83	6
84	-	95	7
96	-	107	8
108	-	119	9
120	-	131	10
132	-	143	11

Carbohydrate Ratio = 12 gm/unit